

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A dolly having assembled members interconnected by tubular members to form a frame for receiving a rectangular member therein, the assembled member comprising:

an upper and a lower element connectable to form the assembled member, the upper and lower ~~[[members]]~~ elements forming an essentially hollow cavity therein, said assembled member having a plurality of side access apertures for receiving an ~~[[ends]]~~ end of the tubular members into said cavity, said side access apertures open to a common through channel in said cavity for receiving portions of the tubular members therein, at least one of the upper and lower elements having a first integrally formed ~~the channel having a first~~ projection extending into the channel at a predetermined location for defining a first stop means for limiting ~~[[the]]~~ travel of the end of ~~at least one of the~~ a first tubular ~~[[members]]~~ member into the channel.

2. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 1, wherein the upper element has an exposed surface for receiving a portion of the rectangular member and an interior surface, said exposed surface having at least one raised wall for defining edges of the dolly.

3. (Original) The dolly of claim 2, wherein the exposed surface of the upper element is grooved to correspond with a corner bottom portion of the rectangular member.

4. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 1, further comprising a caster wheel rotatably connectable to each lower element, the lower element has an exposed lower surface having at least one aperture therein for receiving a connecting means of the caster wheel and an interior surface.

5. (Cancelled)

6. (Cancelled)

7. (Cancelled)

8. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 4, wherein the caster wheel has a hub rotatably connected to a yoke, said yoke having a center post for disposition in the at least one aperture in the lower element.

9. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 8, wherein the at least one aperture in the lower element extends into an integral dowel formed on the interior surface of said lower element.

10. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 9, wherein the upper element has an exposed surface for receiving a portion of the rectangular member, said exposed surface of the upper element has raised walls for defining corner edges of the dolly, said exposed surface of the upper element has apertures therein for receiving bolts to connect the upper and lower elements, said apertures in the upper element extend into integral dowels formed on the interior surface of the upper element.

11. (Cancelled)

12. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 1, wherein the hollow cavity has reinforcement dowels for receiving bolts to secure the assembled member together.

13. (Original) The dolly of claim 12, wherein the upper element has an exposed surface for receiving a portion of the rectangular member and the exposed surface has a groove therein to correspond with a corner bottom portion of the rectangular member and a ramp leading to the groove for easily sliding the rectangular member onto the dolly.

14. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 13, wherein the apertures for receiving the bolts to connect the upper and lower elements are positioned in recessed portions of the exposed surface of the upper element.

15. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 9, wherein the hollow interior has reinforcement dowels for receiving bolts to secure the member together and the upper element has an exposed surface for receiving a portion of the rectangular member and the exposed surface has a groove therein to correspond with a corner bottom portion of the rectangular member and a ramp leading to the groove for easily sliding the rectangular member onto the dolly, wherein the exposed surface of the upper element has a recessed portion around the apertures for receiving the bolts to connect the upper and lower elements.

16. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 15, wherein the exposed surface of the upper element has a ramp leading to the groove and the groove has an L-shaped configuration.

17. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 2, wherein the exposed surface of the upper element has a raised lip traversing the width of a center portion of the upper element for receiving portions of two rectangular members thereon.

18. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 10, wherein the apertures for receiving bolts are located in recessed portions in the exposed surface of the upper element for positioning exposed portions of the bolt below other portions of the exposed surface of the upper element.

19. (Previously Presented) A dolly having assembled members interconnected by tubular member to form a frame for receiving a rectangular member therein, each assembled member comprising:

an upper and lower element connectable to form the assembled member, the upper and lower members forming an essentially hollow cavity therein, said assembled member having side access apertures for receiving an end of the tubular member into said cavity, said side access apertures open to a through channel in said cavity for receiving portions of the tubular members therein and wherein the channel has stop means for limiting the travel of the end of the tubular member, said stop means includes a projection extending into the channel from an interior surface of the lower element and an exposed surface of the upper element has apertures therein for receiving bolts to connect the upper and lower elements, said apertures in the upper element extend into integral dowels formed on an interior surface of the upper element, wherein the dowels extend into the hollow cavity outside of the periphery of the channel.

20. (Currently Amended) A dolly comprising:  
a first elongate structural member;  
a block member;  
a first structural-member-receiving passage extending at least partially through the block member and engageable with the first structural member;  
a first stop member extending into the first passage for obstructing further movement of the first structural member into the first passage, an end of the first stop member being disposed within the first passage;

a second elongate structural member;

a second structural-member-receiving passage extending at least partially through the block member and engageable with the second structural member;

a second stop member extending into the second passage for obstructing further movement of the second structural member into the second passage, an end of the second stop member being disposed within the second passage.

21. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 26, wherein a ramp is formed at an end of the groove.

22. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 20, wherein the dolly has a plurality of corners and a block member is located at each corner.

23. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 22, further comprising a caster wheel connected to each block member.

24. (Cancelled)

25. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 20, wherein the block member further comprises a raised wall extending from an exposed upper surface of the block member and, the wall traversing a center region of the upper surface and defining a first region for receiving a first stackable member and a second region for receiving a second stackable member.

26. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 20, wherein said block member further comprises an exposed upper surface having a groove therein

for receiving a stackable member, said exposed upper surface having at least one raised wall for defining edges of the dolly.

27. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 20, wherein the first passage intersects the second passage.

28. (Currently Amended) The dolly of claim 1, wherein the channel further comprises a second projection extending into the channel at a predetermined location for defining a second stop means for limiting the travel of [[the]] an end of [[the]] a second tubular member into the channel.

29. (Currently Amended) A dolly comprising:  
a block member having a first side access opening and a second side access opening;  
a continuous channel extending between the first access opening and the second access opening;  
an elongated structural member engageable with the channel; and  
a first stop member extending into the channel and engageable with the elongated structural member for obstructing movement of the structural member within the passage, an end of the first stop member being disposed within the channel.

30. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 29 further comprising a caster wheel connected to the block member.

31. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 30, wherein the caster wheel is rotatably connected to the block member.

32. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 29, wherein the block member further comprises an exposed upper surface having a recessed region for receiving a stackable member.

33. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 29, wherein the block member further comprises a raised wall extending from an exposed upper surface of the block member, the raised wall and the exposed upper surface together defining a region for receiving a stackable member.

34. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 33, wherein the raised wall defines at least one corner edge of the dolly.

35. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 29, wherein the block member further comprises a raised wall extending from an exposed upper surface of the block member, the wall traversing a center region of the upper surface so as to define a first region for receiving a first stackable member and a second region for receiving a second stackable member.

36. (Currently Amended) The dolly of claim 1, wherein the side access apertures comprise a first side access aperture for receiving an end of [[a]] the first tubular member and a second side access aperture for receiving an end of a second tubular member, the first and second side access apertures open to the common through channel.

37. (Previously Presented) The dolly of claim 36 further comprising a second projection extending into the channel at a predetermined location for defining a second stop means, wherein the first stop means limits travel of the end of the first tubular member into the channel and the second stop means limits travel of the end of the second tubular member into the channel.